Walk around Practice for Bonding... answers are on Arbuiso.com

1. Which are the polar molecules? H<sub>2</sub>O CHCl<sub>3</sub> SCl<sub>2</sub>

Which exhibit dipole attraction? SCl<sub>2</sub>

Which exhibit hydrogen bonding? H<sub>2</sub>O CHCl<sub>3</sub>

2. How many pairs of electrons are being shared in these molecules?

 $F_2$  one  $O_2$  two  $Cl_2$  one  $N_2$  three

C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> three and one HCl one NaCl none are shared in an ionic bond

3. Name all bonds in

C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub> The C to C bond is triple nonpolar covalent, the C to H bond is single polar covalent

CS<sub>2</sub> The C to S bonds are both double NON polar covalent (same electronegativity, no guessing)

4. Name all bonds in

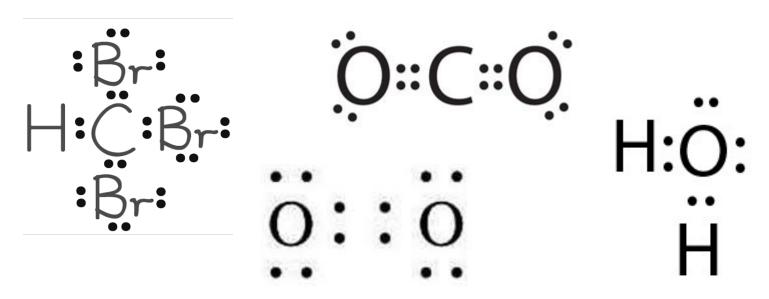
KCl Just ionic

MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O Here, Ionic, polar covalent, hydrogen bonds, and single polar covalent bonds too.

5. Gases are  $F_2 + Cl_2$  Liquid is  $Br_2$  Solid is  $I_2$ 

This is caused by The intermolecular attraction known as electron dispersion attraction

Draw Lewis Dot Diagrams for CHBr<sub>3</sub> CO<sub>2</sub> O<sub>2</sub> H<sub>2</sub>O



7. Polar molecules are CHBr<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O

NONPolar molecules are CO<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>

8. Name all the bonds in... CHBr<sub>3</sub> has C-H single polar covalent and C-Br single polar covalent

CO<sub>2</sub> double polar covalent

O<sub>2</sub> double nonpolar covalent

H<sub>2</sub>O two single polar covalent

9. Name all of the bonds in..

KCl ionic

SiO<sub>2</sub> two double polar covalent

SCl<sub>2</sub> two double polar covalent BF<sub>3</sub> three single polar covalent

10. Rank these bonds		$most\ polar\ \longrightarrow \longrightarrow \longrightarrow$		HF	Greatest difference in electronegativity
HCl	HBr	HF	НІ	HC1	
	пвг			HBr	
	least polar $\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$			HI	Least difference in electronegativity

- 11. Which of these compounds have ONLY ionic bonds? KCl and MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl
- 12. Which of these molecules have radial symmetry?

 $C_2H_4$ 

 $CO_2$ 

CS<sub>2</sub> CCl<sub>4</sub>

## BONUS: Relative oxidation numbers...

B1	MgSO <sub>4</sub>	$Mg^{+2}$ $S^{+6}$ $O^{-2}$ $O^{-2}$ $O^{-2}$
B2	CH <sub>4</sub>	C <sup>+4</sup> H <sup>-1</sup> H <sup>-1</sup> H <sup>-1</sup>
В3	H <sub>2</sub> O	$H^{+1}$ $H^{+1}$ $O^{-2}$
B4	$\mathrm{CS}_2$	$C^{+4}$ $S^{-2}$ $S^{-2}$
B5	$CO_2$	$C^{+4}$ $O^{-2}$ $O^{-2}$
В6	СО	$C^{+2}$ $O^{-2}$

## BONUS #2:

PCl<sub>5</sub> breaks the octet rule (too big)

O<sub>3</sub> Ozone breaks the octet rule with the resonating bond

BF<sub>3</sub> breaks the octet rule by not getting an octet

CO breaks the octet rule by having a double polar covalent bond & a coordinate covalent bond. Janet and Charlie do no break any rules, they are bonded by IONIC LOVE.